

VistA HL7- Optimized (HLO)

Supplement to VistA Health Level Seven (HL7) Version 1.6

INSTALLATION MANUAL/RELEASE NOTES
Patch HL*1.6*126

September 2005 Revision 1.4

Revision History

The following table displays the revision history for this document. Revisions to the documentation are based on patches and new versions released to the field.

Date	Revision	Description
8/2005	1.0	Initial Draft
08/22/2005	1.1	Updated by REDACTED
08/26/2005	1.2	Updated by Daou Systems, Inc.
08/29/2005	1.3	Updated by REDACTED – added patch HL*1.6*118 as a required build
09/02/2005	1.3	Made a note – Interface Engine will show as 'NOT OPERATIONAL' until the HL LOGICAL LINK entry named 'VA-VIE' is distributed as another patch.
9/6/2005	1.3	Warnings added by REDACTED:
		1) When adding a new listener for HLO, if an already-existing entry in the HL LOGICAL LINK File (#870) is used for an existing listener, don't alter certain fields.
		2) Sites running under VMS or Cache should use a multi-listener.
9/16/2005	1.4	Updates by Daou:
		1) Synchronized Tech Manual install section with this install.
		2) Added more scenarios and solutions to Trouble-Shooting
		3) Updated Chapter 2 with new components from distribution from 9/14/2005 AM
		 Took out indexing tags as they were mistakenly copied from tech manual, no need for indexing install manual
		5) Added info about translating globals for DSM and Cache sites
		6) Reviewed for flow and content

Patch Revisions

For a complete list of patches related to this software, please refer to the National Patch Module on FORUM.

Comments

Technical Services welcomes your comments on this manual. Please send your comments to:

REDACTED

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1.0 Introduction

Welcome to the *VistA HLO Installation Manual/ Release Notes*. The goal of this manual is to provide Veterans Health Information Systems and Technology Architecture (VistA) Information Resource Mangers (IRMs) and system managers with descriptions of the components included in patch HL*1.6*126 and all of the information needed to install and configure the VistA Health Level 7 Optimized (HLO) software package.

1.1 Overview

HLO is a complete rewrite of the current VistA package, HL Version 1.6. It consists of new processes, programs, and FileMan files. The new HLO Process Manager uses a process pooling method which allows a greater number of queues (incoming and outgoing) to run concurrently. New HLO System Monitoring and HLO Message Viewing utilities are designed to provide users with a more straightforward interface for monitoring and management of Health Level 7 (HL7) applications. HLO and HL 1.6 can run simultaneously to allow for a gradual migration to HLO.

1.2 Related Resources

1.2.1 VistA HL7 Package Homepage

Provides the latest information on the **VistA** HL7 package, including the full documentation set, latest news, and links to other sites:

http://vista.med.va.gov/messaging/hl7

1.2.2 VistA Data Systems and Integration (VDSI) HL7 Homepage

The web site of the VistA HL7 Messaging Administrator, this provides information on HL7, including the HL7 standard and the VistA HL7 Specification Repository:

http://vista.med.va.gov/vdsi/

1.2.3 HL7 Standard Documentation

The best source of information about the *Health Level Seven* standard is the standard itself. It is available at the VistA HL7 package's homepage and the VDSI homepage, listed above.

For more information about the HL7 body of standards, please see their web site, at:

http://www.hl7.org/

1.3 Documentation Conventions

1.3.1 Screen Dialog

This manual presents snapshots of computer dialogue or other online displays in a non-proportional font. User responses to online prompts are highlighted in bold. Pressing the return key is illustrated as <RET>, and is only shown when the user doesn't type anything at the prompt besides pressing the Return key. For example, the following indicates that the user should enter two question marks followed by <RET> when prompted:

```
Select Primary Menu option: ??
Following menu options are available.....
Select Primary Menu option: <RET>
```

1.3.2 Software Processes and Code

Processes are indicated with single quotes. Code is indicated with double quotes.

1.3.3 Documentation Icons

These icons, placed in the left-hand margin, highlight passages in the documentation as follows:



Important Information.



Caution.

1.4 Software Requirements

1.4.1 Manuals

Documentation is available on the following OI Field Offices' Anonymous Software Directories. Use the appropriate FTP capability to retrieve the files.

OI FIELD OFFICE	FTP ADDRESS	DIRECTORY
ALBANY	REDACTED	anonymous.software
HINES	REDACTED	anonymous.software
SALT LAKE	REDACTED	anonymous.software
FIRST AVAILABLE	REDACTED	anonymous.software
SERVER		

The following files are required for installation and implementation.

Host File Names:

hl71_6_p126_ig.doc hl71_6_p126_ig.pdf	installation guide - Word format installation guide - Acrobat format
hl71_6_p126_tm.doc	technical manual - Word format
hl71_6_p126_tm.pdf	technical manual - Acrobat format

These documents can also be downloaded from the VISTA Documentation Library (VDL) on the HL7 Web page:

http://www.va.gov/vdl/Infrastructure.asp?appID=8

1.4.2 Namespace

This patch has been assigned Routine Namespace HLO.

1.4.3 File Range

This patch has been assigned file range 777.000-779.999

1.4.4 Globals

This patch defines five new globals as listed in the following table. These globals may need to be created and mapped prior to patch installation depending on storage requirements at the individual site.

Using the appropriate global management utility (i.e. %GLOMAN), create these globals and assign the following global access privileges: System = RWD (or RWP), World = RWD (or RWP), Group = RWD (or RWP) and UCI = RWD (or RWP). This may require assistance from a System Manager.

Global Name	Description	Storage	Journaling
^HLA	HLO MESSAGE BODY (File# 777)	Potentially large depending on	Journal.
		the number of messages the	
		site is sending and receiving.	
^HLB	HLO MESSAGES (File# 778)	Potentially large depending on	Journal.
		the number of messages the	
		site is sending and receiving.	
^HLC	Temporary global for system	Defined while HLO software	Journal
	counters used by HLO	is running. Purged on	
		shutdown/restart of the	
		software. Minimal storage	
		required.	
^HLD	Dictionaries	Installed with HL*1.6*126	Journal
	HLO SYSTEM PARAMETERS	patch. Storage not expected to	
	(File# 779.1)	increase significantly after that	
	HLO APPLICATION REGISTRY	time.	
	(File# 779.2)		
	HLO PROCESS REGISTRY (File#		
	779.3)		
	HLO SUBSCRIPTION REGISTRY		
	(File# 779.4)		
^HLTMP	Temporary global used for HLO	Defined while HLO software	Journal
	process, message, and other statuses.	is running. Purged on	
		shutdown/restart of the	
		software. Minimal storage	
		required.	

1.4.5 Software Dependencies

The following patches must be installed before HL*1.6*126 can be installed:

- HL*1.6*118
- XU*8*388

1.5 Staffing

This patch should be installed by an IRM. In addition, sites using the VMS level multi-listener need access to VMS system privileges in order to configure the multi-listener. This may require assistance from a VMS system manager.

Please schedule five minutes for initial KIDS install and about 20-25 minutes for post-installation set up of the package.

2.0 New Software Components for HLO

2.1 Namespace

This patch has been assigned namespace HL and sub-namespace HLO.

2.2 New Routines

The following new routines are included in this software:

HLMA3	HLOAPI	HLOAPI1	HLOAPI2	HLOAPI3	HLOAPP
HLOASUB	HLOASUB1	HLOCLNT	HLOCLNT1	HLOCLNT2	HLOCLNT3
HLOCNRT	HLOCVU	HLOF777	HLOF778	HLOF778A	HLOFILER
HLOMSG	HLOMSG1	HLOPBLD	HLOPBLD1	HLOPOST	HLOPROC
HLOPROC1	HLOPRS	HLOPURGE	HLOQUE	HLOSITE	HLOSRVR
HLOSRVR1	HLOT	HLOTCP	HLOTLNK	HLOUSR	HLOUSR1
HLOUSR2	HLOUSR3				

2.3 New Routine Categories

The new routines are categorized in the following manner:

HLMA3

- APIs for HL LOGICAL LINK File (#870)

HLOAPI*

- APIs for sending and receiving messages

HLOAPP*

- Application registry

HLOASUB*

- Subscription registry

HLOCNRT, HLOCVU

- API's for converting HL 1.6 applications to HLO

HLOCLNT*

- Client process

HLOF*

- Filer processes

HLOMSG*, HLOPBLD*

- Parts of API

HLOPRS*

- Parsing of incoming messages

HLOPROC*

- Process manager

HLOT*

- TCP access routines

HLOOUE*

- Queue management

HLOSITE*

- Site parameters

HLOTLNK*

- Logical link

HLOUSR*

- System status and message monitor menu screens

2.4 New Files

The following new files are included in this software:

777 (^HLA)

HLO MESSAGE BODY

Contains the body of an HL7 message, which excludes the message header segment. For batch messages, it does not include the individual message header segments or the batch trailer segment.

778 (^HLB)

HLO MESSAGES

Used to record each message as it is sent or received. The content of the message is stored in a file #777, as it might be sent to multiple locations and applications.

779.1 (^HLD(779.1))

HLO SYSTEM PARAMETERS

This file contains parameters used by the HLO (HL7 Optimized) that are specific to the system the software is installed on.

779.2 (^HLD(779.2))

HLO APPLICATION REGISTRY

This file is used to register sending and receiving applications for HL7 messaging. For receiving applications, the process of registration consists of registering what messages the application is prepared to receive.

For both sending and receiving applications, it is necessary to specify what package the application belongs to. For sending applications, that is the only field that applies, other than the name of the sending application.

An application can be either a sender or a receiver of messages, or both. In order for an application to receive messages, it must specify an action (M tag^routine) for each type of message that it is capable of receiving, or a default action that applies when no message-specific action is defined.

779.3 (^HLD(779.3))

PROCESS REGISTRY

The process registry is used by the HLO process manager to start, stop, and manage all of the processes used by the HLO system.

779.4 (^HLD(779.4))

HLO SUBSCRIPTION REGISTRY

This file is used to store static routing lists for messages.

Static routing lists are lists of recipients that an application may create in advance for its messages. The alternate routing method is dynamic routing, whereby the recipient list is created by the application at the time the message is created.

2.5 Modified Files

Most files included in this software are new. One existing HL 1.6 file that is also used by HLO is the HL LOGICAL LINK file (#870).

870 (^HLCS)

HL LOGICAL LINK

Two new fields have been added to the HL LOGICAL LINK File (#870). They are:

- DNS DOMAIN (#.08)
- TCP/IP PORT (OPTIMIZED) (#400.08)

Field DOMAIN (#.03) has been renamed to MAILMAN DOMAIN (#.03)

2.6 New Protocols

The following protocols have been added to the PROTOCOL File (#101) to support the list templates for the System Status and HLO Message monitors. These new protocols are:

Protocol Name

Display Name

HLO APPLICATION ERRORED MESSAGES

HLO APPLICATION ERRORED MESSAGES

HLO BRIEF SYSTEM STATUS BRIEF SYSTEM STATUS VIEW QUEUES HLO DISPLAY OUT-GOING QUEUES VIEW PROCESSES HLO DISPLAY PROCESSES DISPLAY A MESSAGE HLO DISPLAY SINGLE MESSAGE HLO DISPLAY SYSTEM ERRORED MESSAGES SYSTEM ERRORED MESSAGES HLO DOWN LINKS DOWN LINKS HLO INCOMING OUEUES INCOMING OUEUES HLO MESSAGE SEARCH MESSAGE SEARCH MESSAGE SEARCH MESSAGE VIEWER HLO MESSAGE SEARCH MENU HLO MESSAGE VIEWER MENU MESSAGE VIEWER MENU HLO MONITOR MODE MONITOR MODE HLO SCROLL MODE SCROLL MODE HLO START MENU START HLO HLO START/STOP ONE QUEUE STRT/STP OUEUE HLO STOP SYSTEM STOP HLO HLO SYSTEM MONITOR MENU HLO TEST LINK TEST LINK HLO TRANSMISSION FAILURES HLO TRANSMISSION FAILURES HLO VIEW A LINK VIEW LINK

2.7 New List Templates

The following list templates are included in this software:

- HLO SYSTEM MONITOR
- HLO MESSAGE VIEWER
- HLO MESSAGE SEARCH
- HLO SINGLE MESSAGE DISPLAY

2.8 New Input Templates

One new input template is included in this software:

• HLOAPREG – HLO APPLICATION REGISTRY (File #779.2) Input Template

2.9 Modified Forms

One modified form is included in this software:

- HL LOGICAL LINK (File #870)
 - o Added TCP/IP PORT (OPTIMIZED) Field #400.08
 - Added DNS DOMAIN Field #.08

2.10 New Options

The following options are included in this software:

HLO APPLICATION REGISTRY

This option allows the user to register an HL7 (Optimized) application in the Application Registry File (779.2).

HLO COUNT RECORDS

This option will run daily on off-hours to count records in files 777 & 778.

HLO MAIN MENU

This menu contains all the options developed for HLO.

HLO MESSAGE VIEWER

This option is for viewing messages. It is a ListManager interface that provides a variety of methods for selecting messages for viewing.

HLO SYSTEM MONITOR

This option is for IRM staff to monitor the operational aspects of HLO.

HLO SYSTEM STARTUP

This option should be scheduled upon system startup to start HLO running.

2.11 HLO Options Organization

The new HLO options are organized as described in the following menu structures:

```
HL MAIN MENU HL7 Main Menu
Event monitoring menu ...
Systems Link Monitor
Filer and Link Management Options ...
Message Management Options ...
Interface Developer Options ...
Site Parameter Edit
HLO HL7 (Optimized) MAIN MENU ...
SM HLO SYSTEM MONITOR
MV HLO MESSAGE VIEWER
APPS HLO APPLICATION REGISTRY
```

2.11.1 HLO System Monitor

- LIST PROCESSES
- DOWN LINKS
- OUTGOING QUEUES
- INCOMING QUEUES
- BRIEF STATUS
- MONITOR LINK
- STOP HLO
- START HLO
- TEST TCP LINK
- RealTime Mode
- Scroll Mode
- STRT/STP QUE

2.11.2 HLO Message Viewer

- DISPLAY MSG
- SYSTEM ERRORS
- APPLICATION ERRORS
- TRANSMISSION FAILURES
- MESSAGE SEARCH

2.11.3 HLO Application Registry

Note: There are no submenu options under this option.

2.12 Scheduled Options

These options should be scheduled in TaskMan after installation of the HL*1.6*126 patch. Further instructions on how to schedule these options can be found in Sections 4.5 and 4.6 of this document.

- HLO COUNT RECORDS
- HLO SYSTEM STARTUP

3.0 Pre-Installation Checklist

- 1. Decide what type of listener to use. If running under VMS, the most efficient listener is the TCP/IP Service for OpenVMS. The TCP/IP Service for OpenVMS requires a TCP/IP port number. The port officially assigned to HLO is 5001 for production systems and 5026 for test systems
- 2. There should be enough available TaskMan sub-processes to run HLO. Most installations need at least four defined.
- 3. Read and understand the installation instructions.
- 4. TCP/IP Service for OpenVMS Setup:
 - Do you have VMS system privileges?
- 5. Have you installed patches XU*8.0* 388, HL*1.6*84, and HL*1.6*118? These are required builds.

Pre-Installation Checklist

4.0 HLO Installation and Configuration

Patch HL*1.6*126 contains all of the components needed to support HLO and was created using the Kernel Installation and Distribution System (KIDS). Please review the KIDS documentation patch description, and familiarize yourself with KIDS prior to installing this package.

ALWAYS back up your system prior to loading any software.

To correctly install HLO and configure it for proper development and usage:

VistA Steps:

- 1) Install the HLO Software Patch, HL*1.6*126.
- 2) Define the Server Logical Link.
- 3) Update the HLO SYSTEM PARAMETERS File (#779.1).
- 4) Update the HLO PROCESS REGISTRY File (#779.3).
- 5) Schedule the HLO COUNT RECORDS Option.
- 6) Schedule the HLO SYSTEM STARTUP Option.
- 7) Start HLO using the HLO System Monitor.

VMS Step:

8) Create and activate the TCP/IP Services for OpenVMS.



WARNING: Incoming messages and application acknowledgements are dependent upon the TCP/IP Services for OpenVMS being defined and active.

4.1 Install the HLO Software Patch

The HLO package arrives as a standard KIDS Build. It will install the following elements:

- 1) New fields in the HL LOGICAL LINK File (#870). TCP/IP PORT (OPTIMIZED) (field #400.08) and DNS DOMAIN (field #.08) are added.
- 2) New files, HLO MESSAGE BODY (#777) and HLO MESSAGES (#778), for holding messages.
- 3) A new file, HLO SYSTEM PARAMETERS (#779.1), which contains system parameters specific to the installing site.



A Note about System Parameters

The System Parameters are automatically configured as part of the installation. However, if it becomes necessary to modify them, they can be accessed in the HLO SYSTEM PARAMETERS File (#779.1). The key fields are:

- Domain Name The domain name of your system.
- Station Number A number which uniquely identifies your site from others.
- 4) A new file, HLO APPLICATION REGISTRY (#779.2), which contains information for both sending and receiving applications.
- 5) A new file, HLO PROCESS REGISTRY (#779.3), which contains information on HLO processes. This file will arrive configured and should not be modified except for adding links and activating listeners.
- 6) A new file, HLO SUBSCRIPTION REGISTRY (#779.4). This file is very similar to file HL7 SUBSCRIPTION REGISTRY (#774), with the exception that it contains subscriptions in format appropriate to the HLO package.
- 7) New entries for the OPTION File (#19) for monitoring and changing the behavior of the HLO system.
- 8) A set of routines in the HLO* namespace.

First, load the KIDS distribution and install the HL*1.6*126 package. For more details on the installation of packages, please see the KIDS manual.

Example Install of patch HL*1.6*126

```
Select Kernel Installation & Distribution System Option: Installation
Select Installation Option: ?
       Load a Distribution [XPD LOAD DISTRIBUTION]
       Verify Checksums in Transport Global [XPD PRINT CHECKSUM]
       Print Transport Global [XPD PRINT INSTALL]
        Compare Transport Global to Current System [XPD COMPARE TO SYSTEM]
        Backup a Transport Global [XPD BACKUP]
        Install Package(s) [XPD INSTALL BUILD]
        Restart Install of Package(s) [XPD RESTART INSTALL]
        Unload a Distribution [XPD UNLOAD DISTRIBUTION]
Select Installation Option: 6 Install Package(s)
Select INSTALL NAME: HL*1.6*126 Loaded from Distribution 9/15/05@13:34:50
    => HL*1.6*126 (SEP14)
This Distribution was loaded on Sep 15, 2005@13:34:50 with header of
  HL*1.6*126 (SEP14)
   It consisted of the following Install(s):
    HL*1.6*126
Checking Install for Package HL*1.6*126
Install Questions for HL*1.6*126
Incoming Files:
```

```
777
       HLO MESSAGE BODY
           HLO MESSAGES
  778
  779.1
           HLO SYSTEM PARAMETERS
  779.2
           HLO APPLICATION REGISTRY
           HLO PROCESS REGISTRY (including data)
  779.3
  779.4
           HLO SUBSCRIPTION REGISTRY
   870
           HL LOGICAL LINK
Note: You already have the 'HL LOGICAL LINK' File.
Want KIDS to Rebuild Menu Trees Upon Completion of Install? YES// NO
Want KIDS to INHIBIT LOGONs during the install? YES// NO
Want to DISABLE Scheduled Options, Menu Options, and Protocols? YES// YES
Enter options you wish to mark as 'Out Of Order': HL MAIN MENU HL7 Main Menu
Enter options you wish to mark as 'Out Of Order':<RET>
Enter protocols you wish to mark as 'Out Of Order':<RET>
Delay Install (Minutes): (0-60): 0//:<RET>
Enter the Device you want to print the Install messages.
You can queue the install by enter a 'Q' at the device prompt.
Enter a '^' to abort the install.
DEVICE: HOME// <RET>
Install Started for HL*1.6*126 :
              Sep 15, 2005@13:35:46
Build Distribution Date: Sep 14, 2005
Installing Routines:
              Sep 15, 2005@13:35:47
Installing Data Dictionaries:
              Sep 15, 2005@13:35:48
Installing Data:
              Sep 15, 2005@13:35:48
Installing PACKAGE COMPONENTS:
 Installing INPUT TEMPLATE
Installing FORM
```

```
Installing PROTOCOL
 Located in the HL (HEALTH LEVEL SEVEN) namespace.
 Located in the HL (HEALTH LEVEL SEVEN) namespace.
Installing LIST TEMPLATE
Installing OPTION
             Sep 15, 2005@13:35:49
Running Post-Install Routine: ^HLOPOST
Updating Routine file...
Updating KIDS files...
HL*1.6*126 Installed.
           Sep 15, 2005@13:35:49
        [----]
 100%
                    25
                                  50
Complete [-----]
Install Message sent # nnnnnnn
Install Completed
```



WARNING: As part of HLO configuration, DSM sites should check the settings of all global max string lengths. They should be set to the maximum of 512. This enables HLO to read and process long HL7 segments correctly.



WARNING: Error trap displays of extremely long variables may be limited to 255 characters and may be truncated under certain versions of M.

4.2 Define the Server Logical Link

HLO requires a Server Logical Link for receiving messages. If HLO (either server or client) is using the same link as HL 1.6, the only requirements are to define the TCP/IP PORT (OPTIMIZED) and the DNS DOMAIN fields for that link and to verify that all other elements are properly defined for HLO. If this is not possible, a new link must be created.

The default port number for the HLO Server Logical Link (listener) is 5001 for production systems and 5026 for main test systems. If port number 5001 is already in use by another listener, that listener must be reassigned to a new port number.



The HL7 1.6 listener and the HLO listener can use the same HL Logical Link entry, but cannot use the same port number. If re-using an existing HL7 1.6 entry with HLO, do not delete or modify any of the existing fields. The HL7 1.6 listener still uses them even if the HLO listener does not.

The preferred listener method for running HLO is the TCP/IP Services for Open VMS. It is unlikely that more than one listener will be needed. However, HLO is capable of serving several listeners at the same time.



Multi-Listener vs. Single Listener –

IRM staffs initially installing HLO: If your system is a VMS or Cache system, use a multilistener! If your system is VMS, the multi-listener should run under VMS TCP. If it is not VMS, but is Cache, you should set up a TaskMan multi-listener. Only if your system is neither VMS nor Cache should you set up a single listener.

Application Developers: Normally, your application should use the site's standard listener. If you must create your own listener (highly discouraged), if only one connection request will be created at a time and the interfacing application requires its own server, then a single listener would be applicable. Otherwise, if there is a possibility of multiple connection requests, then the multi-listener is appropriate.

For more details on setting up listeners, please refer to the next chapter, "Listeners."



WARNING –The TaskMan Multi-Listener should NOT be used on systems running Cache under OpenVMS. For any system required to use the TaskMan Multi-Listener (such as those running Cache under NT), **patch XU*8.0*388 must be installed first**.

To create or edit a server Logical Link definition, use the *Link Edit* option on the HL7 Interface Developer Options menu:

Select Interface Developer Options Option: Link Edit

Select HL LOGICAL LINK NODE: VABAY

To edit the TCP/IP server level parameters, tab down to the LLP Type field (in the *Link Edit* option) and press **<RET>** to display a form to edit the field's specific to the LLP type of the selected Link:

```
HL7 LOGICAL LINK

NODE: VABAY

INSTITUTION: REDACTED

MAILMAN DOMAIN: REDACTED

AUTOSTART: **see below

QUEUE SIZE: **see below

LLP TYPE: TCP <RET>

DNS DOMAIN: redacted
```



- Production system's domain name should be registered on the VHA DNS Domain server. If not currently registered, sites should do this as soon as possible.
- If the TCP/IP Address is not entered, or if it changes after being entered, it will be
 resolved automatically using the system's registered domain name via the VHA DNS
 Domain server.
- If the domain name is not registered on the VHA DNS Domain server, the TCP/IP Address must be defined.

For creating a server logical link, key LLP set-up information includes:

Field	Description	
TCP/IP SERVICE TYPE	Set to 'MULTI LISTENER'	
TCP/IP ADDRESS	IP Address of the site's server	
TCP/IP PORT (OPTIMIZED)	Port to listen on, e.g., 5001 for production systems and 5026	
TCP/IP PORT (OPTIMIZED)	for test systems (make note of the exact port number)	

```
TCP LOWER LEVEL PARAMETERS

VABAY

TCP/IP SERVICE TYPE: MULTI LISTENER

TCP/IP ADDRESS: 152.199.199.199

TCP/IP PORT: ** see below

TCP/IP PORT (OPTIMIZED): 5001

ACK TIMEOUT: **see below

RE-TRANSMISION ATTEMPTS: **see below
```

```
READ TIMEOUT: **see below
BLOCK SIZE:

STARTUP NODE: **see below
RETENTION: **see below
UNI-DIRECTIONAL WAIT:

COMMAND:

Press <PF1>H for help
Insert
```



WARNING – Please make sure that the *TCP/IP PORT (OPTIMIZED)* field is used and not the *TCP/IP PORT* field. All VistA sites must use Port #5001 for the HLO Standard Listener for production systems. For test accounts Port #5026 must be used.



** WARNING: If the existing HL Logical Link for the HL7 1.6 listener is reused for HLO, **DO NOT** modify or delete any of the fields marked above (**see below)! Even though HLO does not use them, HL7 1.6 does.

Please contact the site IRM to obtain the specific domain name and port number to be used by the client side communicating with VistA. For example, at many sites the HL 1.6 multilistener uses HL7.SITENAME.MED.VA.GOV with port 5000.

Currently, HLO uses the same domain name with port 5001 on production systems and 5026 on test systems.

If a site has more than one test system, it may use additional port numbers.

- Start/Stop Link For HLO processing the server and client HL Logical Link entries DO NOT need to be started or stopped via the HL 1.6 Start/Stop links option as currently done. The links must be defined with the specific HLO fields (DNS Domain and TCP/IP Port (Optimized)) and HLO System started for the link to be available for receiving or transmitting messages. However, if the link must continue to process applications for the existing HL 1.6 messaging engine as well as HLO, then the link still needs to be started as before.
- Please obtain the specific domain name and port number to be used by the client side communicating with VistA.

For example, at many sites the HL 1.6 multi-listener uses: HL7.SITENAME.MED.VA.GOV with port 5000.

Currently, HLO uses the same domain name with port 5001 on production systems and 5026 on test systems.

If a site has more than one test system, additional port numbers may be used.



- The port number you select must be an available TCP/IP port number. The port number will also be used in the configuration and naming of the TCP/IP service described in the following sections.
- The port numbers recommended in this chapter, 5001 for production, 5026 for test, have been registered for use by VistA HLO. Everything should be done to free port 5001 for use by HLO.
- If the HLO multi-listener is to be used by an application at the national level and you are not using port number 5001, you must register the port number with the DBIA manager on Forum.

For configuring client logical links please refer to Section 6.2 of the HLO Technical Manual

4.3 Update the HLO SYSTEM PARAMETERS File (#779.1)

On the HLO System Monitor screen, the Standard Listener is used to monitor the primary server link (or "listener") for HLO. In most instances, this is the only listener that is configured. In order for the Standard Listener status to function properly, the name of the link must be added to the HLO STANDARD LISTENER field in the HLO SYSTEM PARAMETERS File (#779.1). This must be done using FileMan, as shown below.



A Note about System Parameters

The System Parameters are automatically configured as part of the installation. However, if it becomes necessary to modify them, they can be accessed in the HLO SYSTEM PARAMETERS File (#779.1). The key fields are:

- Domain Name The domain name of your system.
- Station Number A number which uniquely identifies your site from others.

```
Select OPTION: ENTER OR EDIT FILE ENTRIES

INPUT TO WHAT FILE: //HLO SYSTEM PARAMETERS
EDIT WHICH FIELD: ALL// HLO STANDARD LISTENER
THEN EDIT FIELD: <RET>

Select HLO SYSTEM PARAMETERS DOMAIN NAME: HL7.VAABC.MED.VA.GOV ← This is the DNS domain
name for this system (VAABC.MED.VA.GOV). Also, there will always be only one entry in the HLO System Parameters
file and its IEN is 1.

HLO STANDARD LISTENER: VABAY← This is the name of the entry in the HL LOGICAL LINK File (#870) that is
the default listener to which most remote applications will send messages, as shown above

Select HLO SYSTEM PARAMETERS DOMAIN NAME: <RET>
Select OPTION: <RET>
VAH>
```

4.4 Update the HLO PROCESS REGISTRY File (#779.3)

The following fields need to be updated in the HLO PROCESS REGISTRY File (#779.3) for the site's HLO Standard Listener process (for most sites this is the VMS TCP Listener):

- **ACTIVE Field (#.02)** Set to "YES"
- **DEDICATED LINK Field** (#.14) Site's listener link (HL Logical Link record defined in Section 4.2)

The following table summarizes recommendations for the HLO PROCESS REGISTRY entry to activate as the HLO Standard Listener.

SYSTEM TYPE	HLO PROCESS REGISTRY ENTRY	
Cache on OpenVMS	VMS TCP LISTENER	
DSM on Open VMS		
Cache on NT	TASKMAN MULTI-LISTENER	
Other M systems	TASKWAN WULTI-LISTENEK	
COTS interfaces unable to use a multi-listener	SINGLE LISTENER	

```
Select HLO PROCESS REGISTRY PROCESS NAME: VMS TCP LISTENER
PROCESS NAME: VMS TCP LISTENER// <RET>
ACTIVE: NO// YES
MINIMUM ACTIVE PROCESSES: 1// <RET>
MAXIMUM ACTIVE PROCESSES: 1// <RET>
SCHEDULING FREQUENCY (minutes): 9999// <RET>
DT/TM LAST STARTED OR STOPPED: <RET>
HANG TIME (seconds): 1// <RET>
GET WORK FUNCTION (TAG): // <RET>
GET WORK FUNCTION (ROUTINE): // <RET>
DO WORK FUNCTION (TAG): <RET>
DO WORK FUNCTION (ROUTINE): <RET>
MAX TRIES FINDING WORK: 0// <RET>
PERSISTENT: NO// <RET>
DEDICATED LINK: VABAY This is the name of the entry in the HL LOGICAL LINK File
(#870) that is the default listener to which most remote applications will send
messages, as shown above
VMS TCP SERVICE: YES// <RET>
Select HLO PROCESS REGISTRY PROCESS NAME: <RET>
```

4.5 Schedule the HLO COUNT RECORDS Option

The HLO COUNT RECORDS option triggers HLO to count incoming and outgoing messages at a user specified frequency. This option should be scheduled to run at least once a day and can be scheduled to run more frequently, if desired. The "RESCHEDULING FREQUENCY" parameter determines how often this process runs. In the example below, the process is scheduled to run once every six hours. While "H" is used here to denote hours, "M" can be used to denote minutes.

```
Select OPTION NAME: XUTM MGR Taskman Management
Schedule/Unschedule Options
One-time Option Queue
Taskman Management Utilities ...
List Tasks
```

```
Dequeue Tasks
         Requeue Tasks
         Delete Tasks
         Print Options that are Scheduled to run
         Cleanup Task List
         Print Options Recommended for Queuing
Select Taskman Management Option: Schedule/Unschedule Options
Select OPTION to schedule or reschedule: HLO COUNT RECORDS COUNT HL7 MESSAGE
 Are you adding 'HLO COUNT RECORDS' as
   a new OPTION SCHEDULING (the 201ST)? No// Y (Yes)
                       Edit Option Schedule
   Option Name: HLO COUNT RECORDS
                                          TASK ID:
   Menu Text: COUNT HL7 MESSAGE RECORDS
 QUEUED TO RUN AT WHAT TIME: T+101AM (AUG 25, 2005@01:00)
DEVICE FOR QUEUED JOB OUTPUT:
 QUEUED TO RUN ON VOLUME SET:
      RESCHEDULING FREQUENCY: 6H
             TASK PARAMETERS:
            SPECIAL QUEUEING:
Exit Save Next Page Refresh
Enter a command or '^' followed by a caption to jump to a specific field.
(Save and Exit from the Edit Option Schedule screen)
```

4.6 Schedule the HLO SYSTEM STARTUP Option

The HLO SYSTEM STARTUP option should be scheduled after installing and configuring HLO. Once this option is scheduled, HLO starts automatically at system startup. This option can be scheduled from the TaskMan Management Menu.



WARNING – Not scheduling this option requires the IRM to start HLO manually from the HLO System Monitor.

```
Select OPTION NAME: XUTM MGR Taskman Management
Schedule/Unschedule Options
One-time Option Queue
Taskman Management Utilities ...
List Tasks
Dequeue Tasks
Requeue Tasks
Requeue Tasks
Print Options that are Scheduled to run
Cleanup Task List
Print Options Recommended for Queuing

Select Taskman Management Option: Schedule/Unschedule Options

Select OPTION to schedule or reschedule: HLO SYSTEM STARTUP
```

4.7 Start HLO using the HLO System Monitor

To start HLO, select the START HLO action protocol from the HLO System Monitor. Please refer to Section 5.2 of the HLO Technical Manual for more detailed instructions.

```
Aug 26, 2005@09:40:25
HLO SYSTEM MONITOR
                                                                                           Page: 1 of
 Brief Operational Overview
SYSTEM STATUS: STOPPED
PROCESS MANAGER: STOPPED
STANDARD LISTENER: NOT OPERATIONAL
INTERFACE ENGINE: NOT OPERATIONAL
                                      RUNNING
TASKMAN:
DOWN LINKS:
CLIENT LINK PROCESSES: 0
IN-FILER PROCESSES: 0
MESSAGES PENDING TRANSMISSION: 0
STOPPED OUTGOING QUEUES:
MESSAGES PENDING ON APPLICATIONS: 0
STOPPED INCOMING QUEUES:

FILE 777 RECORD COUNT: 7 --> as of Aug 14, 2005@07:53:01

FILE 778 RECORD COUNT: 7 --> as of Aug 14, 2005@07:53:01
             Brief System Status
LP LIST PROCESSES BS BRIEF STATUS TL TEST TCP LINK
DL DOWN LINKS ML MONITOR LINK RT RealTime Mode
OQ OUTGOING QUEUES STOP HLO SM Scroll Mode
IQ INCOMING QUEUES STAT HLO SQ STRT/STP QUE
Select Action:Quit// START START HLO
```

After start up of HLO, the following should be verified:

- SYSTEM STATUS is RUNNING.
- PROCESS MANAGER is RUNNING.

- STANDARD LISTENER will still be NOT OPERATIONAL until TCP Service is created and enabled, see 4.8 below.
- INTERFACE ENGINE is OPERATIONAL, if the Interface Engine is used.
- TASKMAN is RUNNING.

4.8 Create and Activate the TCP/IP Services for Open VMS

Please refer to the next chapter 'Listeners' for information on configuring the TCP/IP Services for Open VMS.



WARNING –The TaskMan Multi-Listener should NOT be used on systems running Cache under OpenVMS. For any system required to use the TaskMan Multi-Listener (such as those running Cache under NT), **patch XU*8.0*388 must be installed first**.

5.0 Listeners

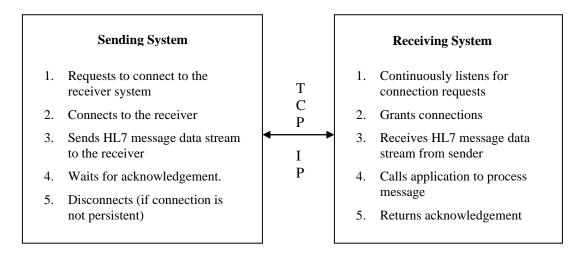
5.1 Introduction

HLO uses TCP/IP listeners to "listen" on a particular port for incoming TCP/IP connections from other systems. Listeners are necessary so that other systems may initiate a connection to this VistA system over TCP/IP.

Client and Server Roles in HLO over TCP/IP

Two separate sets of M code define the roles of client and server over TCP/IP channels:

- Sending System = TCP Client (initiates connection to the Receiving System)
- Receiving System = TCP Server (listens for connections)



5.1.1 TCP/IP Connection Requirements

If the system connecting to VistA is a non-VistA system, it must support synchronous bi-directional TCP/IP transmission. This means that when a message is sent over a TCP/IP connection, the expected response to that message is returned immediately over the same open connection. The sending system must not initiate a new transmission until the current transmission is complete. The receiving system must respond to the original message without attempting to initiate a new connection.

The sending and receiving system cannot change roles over the same connection. If the receiver needs to send transmissions (other than commit acknowledgements), then it must open a new connection.

If VistA is to connect to a target system, the target system must have its own TCP/IP listener process that responds to connection requests.

The TCP/IP connection can be *persistent* or *non-persistent*. This is determined by the connecting system. If the connecting system drops the connection after a transmission completes, the connection is non-persistent. If it is left open, the connection is persistent.

Three types of listeners or server processes are provided in the current HLO software distribution. The three listeners included are:

- 1. TCP/IP Services for Open VMS
- 2. TaskMan Multi-Threaded Listener
- 3. Single Listener



- One Single Listener server process is currently provided in the HLO software.
 However, configuration of multiple Single Listeners is NOT supported by HLO at this time.
- Applications that require a dedicated Single Listener should continue to use the
 original HL 1.6 implementation. A subsequent HLO patch is being developed for a
 future release that provides full support of multiple Single Listeners and additional
 Multi-Threaded Listeners.
- When trying to decide between a single listener and a multi-listener, if only one connection request will be created at a time and the interfacing application requires its own server, then a single listener would be applicable. Otherwise, if there is a possibility of multiple connection requests, then the multi-listener is appropriate.
- The remainder of this chapter will focus on the two types of Multi-Threaded Listener.



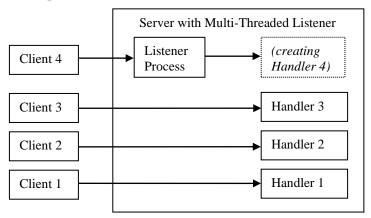
HLO highly recommends use of the TCP/IP Services for Open VMS. However, sites NOT on the OpenVMS platform will be required to use the TaskMan Multi-Threaded Listener.

To reference additional information on listener configuration, please refer to the following documents in the VistA Documentation Library:

- User Manual: TCP/IP Supplement HL*1.6*19 (January 1999)
- Site Manager & Developer Manual HL*1.6*56 (December 1999)

5.2 Multi-Threaded Listeners

Multi-threaded listeners are useful when multiple connection requests come to a single port from many devices or systems. Because multi-threaded listeners spawn off separate handlers for each client connection request, they enable multiple concurrent connections.



VistA HL7 supports two types of multi-threaded listeners:

- TCP/IP Services for Open VMS (for DSM or Cache)
- TaskMan Multi-Threaded Listener

5.3 TCP/IP Services for Open VMS



Sections 5.3.1 through 5.3.5 are for both Cache on OpenVMS and DSM on Open VMS. 5.3.6 is for Cache users only and 5.3.7 is for DSM users only

5.3.1 Introduction

Multi-Listeners using TCP/IP Services for Open VMS for Cache/DSM sites were introduced in patch HL*1.6*84. This chapter documents the setup for creating multi-listeners for HLO using TCP/IP Services for OpenVMS. It assumes that a DCL command file for HL7 1.6 already exists and can be copied as the starting basis for the new HLO service.

5.3.2 TCP/IP Services for OpenVMS

TCP/IP is an open communications standard that enables any connected host to communicate with any other connected host. TCP/IP Services for OpenVMS is a product that implements several of the protocols in the TCP/IP standard for the OpenVMS operating system. This section focuses only on those TCP/IP services configured to run as a TCP/IP server (listener) process.

5.3.3 TCP/IP Services and VistA HLO

A TCP/IP service configured to run as a server permits multiple remote TCP/IP clients to connect and run concurrently up to the limits established by the service. A server listens on a particular TCP/IP communication port and launches a specified DCL (Digital Command Language) Command file that serves

as a startup process for each client connection process. This startup file contains the necessary commands to execute the entry point into VistA HLO.

5.3.4 Requirements for Setting up a TCP/IP Service on OpenVMS

To configure a TCP/IP service, the following components within VistA HLO and OpenVMS will need to be configured:

- VistA HLO logical link for the Multi-Threaded Listener.
- An OpenVMS account. (If an account already exists for HL7 1.6, use the same user and home directory.)
- An OpenVMS home directory. (If an account already exists for HL7 1.6, use the same user and home directory.)
- An OpenVMS DCL command procedure. This is the startup command file that executes on every concurrent process. Default DCL command files are provided in this document.
- An OpenVMS TCP/IP service.



The person implementing the instructions in this document must have OpenVMS system administrator privileges to create the above components and be familiar with the OpenVMS TCP/IP Services Management Control Program.

5.3.5 Recommended Naming Conventions

The following names are used in the description for creating a TCP/IP service and are referenced throughout this chapter. All these names are suggestions. Your site might already have its own naming convention:

- HLSEVEN OpenVMS user account name for an HLO TCP/IP service.
- [HLSEVEN] Name of home directory for the above HLSEVEN user.
- HLSEVEN Name of the owner.

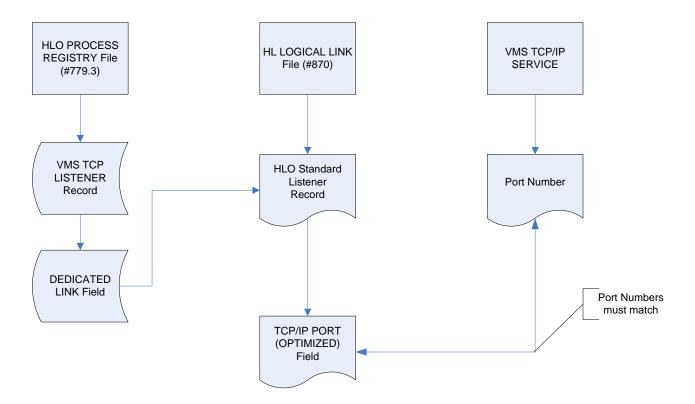


- Sites that have previously established a VMS user account for HL7 1.6 may reuse the same account for HLO, i.e., another VMS account need not be created.
- The same user name, HLSEVEN, is recommended for HL7 prior to the release of HLO.
- However, a new TCP/IP service command procedure specific for HLO must be created and placed in the same home directory as the old HL7 1.6 TCP/IP service.
- HLS<port><M environment>.COM— Name of DCL command procedure, where the <port> is the actual port number where the service will be listening, and the <M environment> is the actual VistA M environment. For example:
 - o HLS5001DSM.COM— represents the command procedure for a TCP/IP service listening on port 5001 (production systems) that starts up a DSM HLO listener process.
 - HLS5001CACHE.COM— represents the command procedure for a TCP/IP service listening on port 5001 (production systems) that starts up a CACHE HLO listener process.
 - o HLS5026DSM.COM— represents the command procedure for a TCP/IP service listening on port 5026 (test systems) that starts up a DSM HLO listener process.
 - o HLS5026CACHE.COM— represents the command procedure for a TCP/IP service listening on port 5026 (test systems) that starts up a CACHE HLO listener process.

- HLS<port><M environment>— Name of a TCP/IP service, where the <port> is the actual port number where the service will be listening, and the <M environment> is the actual VistA M environment. For example:
 - HLS5001DSM— represents the TCP/IP service listening on port 5001 that starts up a DSM HLO listener process.
 - o HLS5001CACHE— represents the TCP/IP service listening on port 5001 that starts up a CACHE HLO listener process.
 - HLS5026DSM— represents the TCP/IP service listening on port 5026 (test systems) that starts up a DSM HLO listener process.
 - o HLS5261CACHE— represents the TCP/IP service listening on port 5026 (test systems) that starts up a CACHE HLO listener process.



WARNING – The TCP/IP PORT (OPTIMIZED) field value for the DEDICATED LINK assigned to the VMS TCP LISTENER process must match the Port Number associated with the VMS TCP/IP service.





- More than one TCP/IP service for HLO may be set up, although it is not necessary to do this. To set up more than one TCP/IP service for HLO, follow the steps in this document for each listener. However, a different command file name, TCP/IP service name, and port number must be defined for each listener.
- Optionally, different user accounts and directories may be specified for each listener.

5.3.6 Creating a TCP/IP Services for Open VMS with Cache

General steps for creating a TCP/IP Services for Open VMS with Cache are as follows:

- 1. Create an OpenVMS User Account (**If a user account already exists for HL7 1.6**, **use the same user account and home directory.**)
- 2. Create an OpenVMS Home Directory (**If a user account already exists for HL7 1.6**, **use** the same user account and home directory.)
- 3. Create a DCL Command Procedure
- 4. Set up the TCP/IP Service
- 5. Enable and Save the TCP/IP Service
- 6. Control the Number of Log Files Created by TCP/IP Services
- 7. Other TCP/IP Service Commands

Note for Multi-Node Cluster Sites:

For sites configured with a multi-node cluster, more than one node may be advertised under the domain name HL7.SITENAME.MED.VA.GOV and the TCP/IP service may be running on multiple nodes.



In addition, the impersonator VMS feature allows for the possibility of all nodes in the cluster to become the surrogate. This allows for the listening process to remain uninterrupted if the TCP/IP service is enabled on all nodes in the cluster.

If this is the case for your site, be sure to enable the service on all these nodes, after setting up the TCP/IP service and COM file on one of these nodes.

5.3.6.1 Create an OpenVMS User Account

To create an OpenVMS User Account:

- 1. **If an account already exists for HL7 1.6, use the same user account.** Review the settings for that user account to insure conformance to the screen below, then skip to Section 5.3.6.3, "Create a DCL Command Procedure."
- 2. Determine an unused User Identification Code (UIC), typically in the same group as other Cache for OpenVMS accounts.
- 3. Using the OpenVMS Authorize utility, add the new HLSEVEN account with the unused UIC. You must have SYSPRV to do this.
- 4. Verify that the account settings for the new HLSEVEN account are the same as they appear in the example that follows; or, if they are different, verify that the impact of the different settings is acceptable for your system. For security, make sure that the DisCtlY, Restricted, and Captive flags are set.

There are two different ways to set up a new user account, and you are free to choose the one you prefer. The following two examples illustrate two different ways to set up an OpenVMS User account:

One way to set up an OpenVMS User account is to copy your existing XMINET (TCP/IP MailMan) account to a new account with an unused UIC. For example:

```
$ MC AUTHORIZE

UAF> COPY /ADD XMINET HLSEVEN/UIC=[51,45]/DIR=[HLSEVEN]

%UAF-I-COPMSG, user record copied

%UAF-W-DEFPWD, copied or renamed records must receive new password

%UAF-I-RDBADDMSGU, identifier HLSEVEN value [000051,000045] added to rights database

UAF>
```

The other way to set up an Open VMS User account is to add the new HLSEVEN OpenVMS account directly. For example:

```
$ MC AUTHORIZE

UAF> ADD HLSEVEN /UIC=[100,45]/OWNER="HLSEVEN" - (must use continuation character "-")

UAF> /DEVICE=USER$/DIRECTORY=[HLSEVEN] -

UAF> /NOACCESS/NETWORK/FLAGS=(DISCTLY,RESTRICTED,NODISUSER) -

UAF> /PRIV=(NETMBX,TMPMBX) -

UAF> /DEF=(NETMBX,TMPMBX)/LGICMD=NL:

%UAF-I-ADDMSG, user record successfully added
%UAF-I-RDBADDMSGU, identifier HLSEVEN value [000100,000045] added to rights data
base
UAF>
```

```
UAF> SHOW HLSEVEN
Username: HLSEVEN
                                                   Owner: HLSEVEN
Account:
                                                   UIC: [100,45] ([HLSEVEN])
CLI:
           DCL
                                                   Tables: DCLTABLES
Default: USER$:[HLSEVEN]
LGICMD: NL:
Flags: DisCtlY Restricted
Primary days: Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri
Secondary days:
                                  Sat Sun
Primary 00000000011111111112222 Secondary 000000000111111111112222
Day Hours 012345678901234567890123 Day Hours 012345678901234567890123
Network: #### Full access ##### #### Full access #####
Batch: ---- No access -----
                                                     ---- No access -----
Local:
          ---- No access -----
                                                      ---- No access -----
Dialup: ---- No access -----
                                                      ---- No access -----
Remote: ---- No access -----
                                                      ---- No access
Expiration: (none) Pwdminimum: 6 Login Fails: 0
Pwdlifetime: 90 00:00 Pwdchange: (pre-expired)
Last Login: (none) (interactive), (none) (non-
interactive)
interactive)

Maxjobs: 0 Fillm: 100 Bytlm: 64000

Maxacctjobs: 0 Shrfillm: 0 Pbytlm: 0

Maxdetach: 0 BIOlm: 150 JTquota: 4096

Prclm: 8 DIOlm: 150 WSdef: 2000

Prio: 4 ASTlm: 250 WSquo: 4000

Queprio: 4 TQElm: 10 WSextent: 16384

CPU: (none) Enqlm: 2000 Pgflquo: 50000
interactive)
Authorized Privileges:
  NETMBX TMPMBX
Default Privileges:
  NETMBX TMPMBX
UAF> Exit
%UAF-I-DONEMSG, system authorization file modified
%UAF-I-RDBDONEMSG, rights database modified
```

5.3.6.2 Create an OpenVMS Home Directory

If a home directory already exists for HL7 1.6, then use the same home directory. Skip to Section 5.3.6.3, "Create a DCL Command Procedure."

This directory will house the DCL command procedure, which is executed whenever a client connects. A log file is created for every instance of a connection for that listener. Make sure that the owner of the directory is the HLSEVEN account.

For example, to create a home directory named [HLSEVEN] with ownership of HLSEVEN: \$ CREATE/DIR [HLSEVEN]/OWNER=HLSEVEN

5.3.6.3 Create a DCL Command Procedure

Create a DCL command procedure (shown below) in the home directory for the HLSEVEN user account and name it according to the recommended convention. Make sure the command procedure file is owned by the HLSEVEN user account.

- 1. To create a DCL command procedure that will use a given port, for port 5001, name your command procedure file as HLS5001CACHE.COM.
- 2. Adjust the Cache command line (Cache configuration, UCI, and volume set) for your system.
- 3. Ensure that the name of the DCL command file, as described in step 1, matches the port assignment. For example, if you changed the port number from 5001 to 6788, rename your HLS5001CACHE.COM file to HLS6788CACHE.COM.



WARNING – All VistA sites must use Port #5001 for the HLO Standard Listener for production accounts. For test accounts Port #5026 must be used.

Before creating the Command Procedure file determine the proper Cache configuration to use for the environment where you want to start your listener. To do that, use command "CCONTROL LIST" and it will list all Cache configurations that are defined. The Cache configuration you will most likely need is the one marked as (default).

If you are not running a cluster or if the listener is to run on only a single node of the cluster, you can use the name of that default Cache configuration as the first parameter to the 'CSESSION' command.

If you are running a cluster and the listener is to run on multiple nodes of that cluster, then you need to make sure that the DCL Command Procedure file can resolve the proper name of the default Cache configuration on **each node** of the cluster where it is to run. Keep in mind that same DCL command file has to work on each participating node.

On most VistA systems, the name of the Cache configuration will be the same as the name of the node, or perhaps a derivative of the name of the node. So, if the node is 74A01, the configuration will be 74A01 or maybe BRX74A01. In those cases, the DCL Command Procedure file will need to use 'F\$GETSYS("NODENAME")' to obtain the node name or BRX'F\$GETSYS("NODENAME") to obtain the node name and put "BRX" in front of it.

For your convenience, you can cut and paste the following DCL command procedure file into your OpenVMS HLSEVEN device and directory.

Sample DCL Command Procedure file:

```
$ purge/keep=5 sys$login:*.log !Purge log files only
$ set proc/priv=(share) !Required for MBX device
$ x=f$trnlnm("sys$net") !This is our MBX device
$ write sys$output "Opening "+x !This can be viewed in the log file
$! Check status of the BG device before going to either DSM or Cache'
$ cnt=0
$ CHECK:
$ stat=f$getdvi("''x'", "STS")
$ if cnt .eq. 10
$ then
$ write sys$output "Could not open ''x' - exiting"
$ aoto EXIT
$ else
    if stat .ne. 16
$
$
   then
$
   cnt=cnt+1
   write sys$output "''cnt'> ''x' not ready!"
$
Ś
   wait 00:00:01 !Wait one second to assure connection
$
   goto CHECK
$
   else
   write sys$output "''x' is now ready for use - entering DSM or Cache"
$!----
$! **Be sure the command line(s) in the COMMAND LINE SECTION
$! **below is correct for your system and if access control is
$! **enabled, that this account has access to this uci,vol & routine.
$! **An entry in file 870 for this logical link with the specified
$! **unique port number and its device type as "MS"(Multi-threaded
$! **server) must be existed.
$! **Also, comment or uncomment the appropriate lines for your system.
$!
$!-----
$! COMMAND LINE SECTION:
$! =========
$! for DSM
$!dsm/env=dsmmgr/uci=vah/vol=tou VMS^HLOSRVR
$!-----
$! for Cache
$! The first parameter after csession is the name of Cache configuration that
$! corresponds to the environment where listener should be run
$ assign 'f$trnlnm("SYS$NET")' SYS$NET
$! The following line is an example for single or integrated sites
$ csession `F$GETSYI("NODENAME") "-U" "VAH" "VMS^HLOSRVR"
$! The following line is an example for consolidated sites
$! csession BRX'F$GETSYI("NODENAME") "-U" "VAH" "VMS^HLOSRVR"
$! The following line is an example for non-cluster sites
$! csession MYSITE "-U" "VAH" "VMS^HLOSRVR"
$! The following live is an example for a single test account
$! csession MYSITE "-U" "TST" "VMS^HLOSRVR"
$!-----
$ endif
$ exit:
$ logout/brief
```

Double Checking the Setup:

After creating/editing the command file, run the following command and make sure that the "Owner:" field matches the user account which will be running the command file. (In our examples that is 'HLSEVEN' as shown.)

```
$ dir/full hls5001cache.com
 Directory DKC0:[USER.HLSEVEN]
 hls5001cache.com;1
                                                                                File ID: (13869,1,0)
#ile 6/6 Owner:

Created: 23-FEB-2005 16:59:14.91

Revised: 23-FEB-2005 17:01:16.70 (3)

Expires: <None specified>
Backup: <No backup == Effect | Section | 
                1Cache.com; 1 File ID: (13869,1,0)
6/6 Owner: [USERS,HLSEVEN]
 Effective: <None specified>
Recording: <None specified>
Accessed: <None specified>
 Attributes: < None specified>
 Modified: <None specified>
 Linkcount: 1
 File organization: Sequential
 Shelved state: Online
 Caching attribute: Writethrough
 File attributes: Allocation: 6, Extend: 0, Global buffer count: 0
No version limit

Record format: Variable length, maximum 255 bytes, longest 77 bytes

Record attributes: Carriage return carriage control

RMS attributes: None
 Journaling enabled: None
 File protection: System: RWED, Owner: RWED, Group: RE, World:
 Access Cntrl List: None
 Client attributes: None
 hls5001cache.com;1
                                                                              File ID: (13868,1,0)
                                      6/6 Owner: [USERS, HLSEVEN]
 Size:
 Created: 23-FEB-2005 16:54:25.63
 Revised: 23-FEB-2005 17:01:16.72 (3)
 Expires: <None specified>
 Backup:
                            <No backup recorded>
 Effective: <None specified>
Recording: <None specified>
 Accessed:
                             <None specified>
 Attributes: <None specified>
                            <None specified>
 Modified:
 Linkcount: 1
 File organization: Sequential
 Shelved state:
                                              Online
 Caching attribute: Writethrough
 File attributes: Allocation: 6, Extend: 0, Global buffer count: 0
 No version limit
Record format: Variable length, maximum 255 bytes, longest 77 bytes
 Record attributes: Carriage return carriage control
 RMS attributes: None
 Journaling enabled: None
 File protection: System:RWED, Owner:RWED, Group:RE, World: Access Cntrl List: None
 Client attributes: None
 Total of 2 files, 12/12 blocks.
 NOTE: Could also use the following command if you think this is more clear.
```

```
$ dir/owner hls5001cache.com
Directory DKC0:[USER.HLSEVEN]
hls5001cache.com;1 [USERS,HLSEVEN]
Total of 1 files.
```

5.3.6.4 Set up the TCP/IP Service

To create the TCP/IP service to listen for connections:

- 1. Choose the OpenVMS node where you want to run the TCP/IP service listener. This is also the node whose IP address will be advertised to other systems as the location of your HL7 listener.
- 2. Use TCP/IP port number 5001 for production systems and 5026 for main test systems.



WARNING – All VistA sites must use Port #5001 for the HLO Standard Listener for production accounts. For test accounts, Port #5026 must be used.

- Use user account HLSEVEN.
- Use DCL command file name HLS5001CACHE.COM.
- Since TCP/IP Services are node specific, make sure to set up the listener on the same node on which it will be running.

Ensure that your new TCP/IP service uses the recommended naming convention. For example, to set up a service that will be listening on port 5001 and use a corresponding DCL command file HLS5001CACHE.COM.

Set the service name as HLS5001CACHE as follows:

```
$ TCPIP (must use continuation character "-" at end of long lines)

TCPIP> SET SERVICE HLS5001CACHE/USER=HLSEVEN/PROC=HLS5001CACHE/PORT=-

_TCPIP> 5001/PROTOCOL=TCP/REJECT=MESSAGE="All channels busy" -

_TCPIP> /LIMIT=50/FILE=USER$: [HLSEVEN] HLS5001CACHE.COM/INACTIVITY=1
```



In this command, **/LIMIT=50** specifies the maximum number of TCP/IP connections that can be made at any time. The limit of 50 is appropriate for most local sites, but for systems that serve as national databases the limit should be set initially to 500. The system manager is responsible for monitoring the peak number of connections made, and if the peak approaches the limit, the limit should be increased.



If you get an error because you mistyped any of the above lines or forgot to use the continuation character "-", we suggest you do the following to remove the corrupted service and repeat the above commands.

TCPIP> SET CONFIG ENABLE NOSERVICE HLS5001CACHE TCPIP> SET NOSERVICE HLS5001CACHE

TCPIP> SHO SERVICE HLS5001CACHE/FULL

Service: HLS5001CACHE

State: Disabled

Port: 5001 Protocol: TCP Address: 0.0.0.0

User name: not defined Process: HLS5001CACHE

5.3.6.5 Enable and Save the TCP/IP Service

Since TCP/IP Services is node specific, make sure you are on the same node that you want the listener to run on

TCPIP> ENABLE SERVICE HLS5001CACHE (enable service immediately) TCPIP> SET CONFIG ENABLE SERVICE HLS5001CACHE (save service for reboot) TCPIP> SHO SERVICE/FULL HLS5001CACHE Service: HLS5001CACHE

State: Enabled State: Enabled

Port: 5001 Protocol: TCP Address: 0.0.0.0

Inactivity: 5 User_name: HLSEVEN Process: HLS5001CACHE
Limit: 50 Active: 0 Peak: 0 File: USER\$:[HLSEVEN] HLS5001CACHE.COM Flags: Listen Socket Opts: Rcheck Scheck Receive: 0 Send: 0 Log Opts: None File: not defined Security Reject msg: All channels busy Accept host: 0.0.0.0 Accept netw: 0.0.0.0 TCPIP> SHO CONFIG ENABLE SERVICE Enable service FTP, FTP CLIENT, HLS5001CACHE, MPI, TELNET, XMINETMM TCPIP> EXIT

Note for Multi-Node Cluster Sites:

For sites configured with a multi-node cluster, more than one node may be advertised under the domain name HL7.SITENAME.MED.VA.GOV and the TCP/IP service may be running on multiple nodes.



In addition, the impersonator VMS feature allows for the possibility of all nodes in the cluster to become the surrogate. This allows for the listening process to remain uninterrupted if the TCP/IP service is enabled on all nodes in the cluster.

If this is the case for your site, be sure to enable the service on all these nodes, after setting up the TCP/IP service and COM file on one of these nodes.

5.3.6.6 Control the Number of Log Files Created by TCP/IP Services

The HLS5001CACHE TCP/IP service automatically creates log files (TCP/IP services does this and it cannot be prevented) in the HLSEVEN directory named HLS5001CACHE.LOG;xxx where 'xxx' is a file version number. New versions of this file will be created until that file version number reaches the maximum number of 32767. In order to minimize the number of log files created, you may want to initially rename this log file to the highest version number with the command:

\$ RENAME USER\$: [HLSEVEN] HLS5001CACHE.LOG; USER\$: [HLSEVEN] HLS5001CACHE.LOG; 32767

Alternatively, you can set a limit on the number of versions of the log file that can concurrently exist in the HLSEVEN directory:

\$ SET FILE /VERSION LIMIT=10 USER\$:[HLSEVEN]HLS5001CACHE.LOG;



This cannot be done until the first log file has actually been created.

You probably should not limit the number of versions of the log file until you know that your HLS5001CACHE service is working correctly; keeping the log files can help when diagnosing problems with the service/account.

5.3.6.7 Other TCP/IP Service Commands



WARNING – If HLO is stopped or disabled for two hours or more, the VMS Multi-Listener service should be disabled and then re-enabled before restarting HLO.

The definition of a link is required for the multi-threaded listener for Open VMS systems. This link never needs to be started or stopped through the VistA HL 1.6 or HLO options. Instead, it is normally started and stopped via TCP/IP services. For example:

TCPIP> DISABLE SERVICE HLS5001CACHE

(Stop TCP/IP service)

TCPIP> ENABLE SERVICE HLS5001CACHE

(Start TCP/IP service)

Any questions about configuring TCP/IP Service for OpenVMS should be directed to EVS for assistance.

5.3.7 Creating a TCP/IP Service for Open VMS with DSM

General steps for creating a TCP/IP Services for Open VMS with DSM are as follows:

(For more detailed information on creating a TCP/IP Services for Open VMS with DSM, please refer to Appendix F in the HLO Technical Manual.)

- 1. Create an OpenVMS User Account (**If an account already exists for HL7 1.6, use the same user and home directory.**)
- 2. Create an OpenVMS Home Directory (**If an account already exists for HL7 1.6, use the same user and home directory.**)
- 3. Create a DCL Command Procedure
- 4. Set up the TCP/IP Service
- 5. Enable and Save the TCP/IP Service
- 6. Resolve Access Control List (ACL) Issues
- 7. Control the Number of Log Files Created by TCP/IP Services
- 8. Other TCP/IP Service Commands

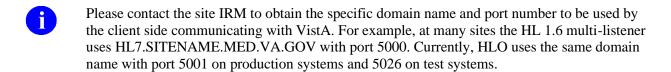
5.4 TaskMan Multi-Threaded Listener

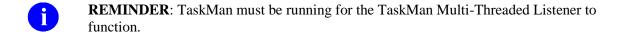
The configuration of the TaskMan Multi-Threaded listener involves the following steps:

- 1. Set up the server logical link in the HL LOGICAL LINK File (#870). This step may have been done already. If that is the case, proceed to the next step.
- 2. Configure the TASKMAN MULTI-LISTENER record in the HLO PROCESS REGISTRY File (#779.3):
 - a. Assign the server logical link name (defined in step #1) to the DEDICATED LINK field.
 - b. Set the ACTIVE field to "YES."



WARNING –The TaskMan Multi-Listener should NOT be used on systems running Cache under OpenVMS. For any system required to use the TaskMan Multi-Threaded Listener (such as those running Cache under NT), **patch XU*8.0*388 must be installed first**.





5.4.1 Set up the Server Logical Link

In VistA HL LOGICAL LINK File (#870), create an entry for the Multi-Threaded Listener with the fields populated as follows. If more assistance is required for defining the HL Logical Link, please refer to the section 'Define the Server Logical Link' of the chapter 'HLO Installation and Configuration' for more specific instructions.

Link Settings for the TaskMan Multi-Threaded Listener in the Logical Link File (#870)

Field	Description
LLP TYPE	Set to 'TCP'
TCP/IP SERVICE TYPE	Set to 'MULTI LISTENER'
TCP/IP ADDRESS	IP Address for your server
TCP/IP PORT (OPTIMIZED)	Port to listen on, e.g., 5001 for production systems and 5026 for test systems (make note of the exact port number)



- The port number you select must be an available TCP/IP port number. The port number will also be used in the configuration and naming of the TCP/IP service described in the following sections.
- The port numbers recommended in this chapter, 5001 for production and 5026 for test, are registered for use by VistA HLO. Everything should be done to free port 5001 or 5026 for use by HLO.
- If the HLO multi-listener is to be used by an application at the national level and you are not using port number 5001 for production, you must register the port number with the DBIA manager on Forum.



WARNING – All VistA sites must use Port #5001 for the HLO Standard Listener for production accounts. For test accounts, Port #5026 must be used.



If the TCP/IP Address is not defined, it is resolved automatically by the VHA DNS Domain server. If the system's domain is NOT registered in the VHA DNS server, the IP address should be defined.

For configuring client logical links please refer to Section 6.2 of the HLO Technical Manual.

5.4.2 Configure the TaskMan Multi-Listener Record in the HLO Process Registry

The Logical Link name defined in Section 5.4.1 must be added to the DEDICATED LINK field (#.14) in the VMS TCP Listener Process entry of the HLO PROCESS REGISTRY File (#779.3). The ACTIVE field (#.02) should also be checked to make sure that it is set to "YES."

```
Select HLO PROCESS REGISTRY PROCESS NAME: TASKMAN MULTI LISTENER
PROCESS NAME: TASKMAN MULTI LISTENER// <RET>
ACTIVE: NO// YES<RET>
MINIMUM ACTIVE PROCESSES: 1// <RET>
MAXIMUM ACTIVE PROCESSES: 1// <RET>
SCHEDULING FREQUENCY (minutes): 9999// <RET>
DT/TM LAST STARTED OR STOPPED: <RET>
HANG TIME (seconds): 1// <RET>
GET WORK FUNCTION (TAG): // <RET>
GET WORK FUNCTION (ROUTINE): // <RET>
DO WORK FUNCTION (TAG): <RET>
DO WORK FUNCTION (ROUTINE): <RET>
MAX TRIES FINDING WORK: 0// <RET>
PERSISTENT: NO// <RET>
DEDICATED LINK: // VABAY<RET>
VMS TCP SERVICE: NO// <RET>
Select HLO PROCESS REGISTRY PROCESS NAME: <RET>
```

Listeners

6.0 Daily Oversight and Troubleshooting

6.1 Daily Oversight

6.1.1 HLO System Monitor

The IRM staff should check the operational status of HLO several times daily using the HLO System Monitor. Please refer to Section 5.2 of the HLO Technical Manual for complete instructions. The Brief System Status screen provides all the information necessary. The following should be verified:

- SYSTEM STATUS is RUNNING
- PROCESS MANAGER is RUNNING
- STANDARD LISTENER is OPERATIONAL
- TASKMAN is RUNNING
- DOWN LINKS is 0 (zero)
- MESSAGES PENDING TRANSMISSION is not unusually large
- STOPPED OUTGOING QUEUES is blank
- MESSAGES PENDING ON APPLICATION is not unusually large
- STOPPED INCOMING QUEUES is blank
- IF Interface Engine is used, then INTERFACE ENGINE is operational



At the time this was written, the status of the Interface Engine will show as "NOT OPERATIONAL." This will continue until a new entry in the HL LOGICAL LINK named 'VA-VIE' is distributed in a future patch.

If any of these conditions indicate that there may be a problem, then investigate further by following instructions found in Section 5.2 of the HLO Technical Manual.

6.1.2 HLO Message Viewer

The IRM should run three reports on a daily basis and review them for signs of problems. Refer to Section 5.3 of the HLO Technical Manual for further details on these reports. Potential problems should be fully investigated and either corrected or referred to the appropriate subject experts. For example, if a message is not processed due to an application error, the problem might need to be referred to the appropriate package expert.

The reports are:

- System Errors these are messages that were not passed to the Receiving Application for any reason. An example might be a message whose header lacked the Receiving Application field.
- Application Errors these are messages that were passed to the Receiving Application, but the application was unable to fully process the message. Usually errors of this type require subject matter expertise to resolve.
- Transmission Failures these are messages that could not be transmitted after three days, despite multiple
 attempts. Errors of this type occur when the listener process at the receiving facility is running but for
 some reason it is unable to respond properly.

6.2 Troubleshooting

Problem #1:

After installing patch HL*1.6*126 and establishing the HLO standard listener, the existing HL7 1.6 listener stopped working.

Solution:

Were any of the field values in the HL LOGICAL LINK File (#870) used by the existing listener modified or deleted? Some fields in the HL LOGICAL LINK File (#870) are not used by HLO, but listeners running under the existing HL7 1.6 still need them. If any field was altered where the set up instructions did not explicitly state to do so, restore the old value.

Problem #2:

The HLO System Monitor shows the status of the Standard Listener as NOT OPERATIONAL even though the listener set up was completed.

Solution:

- 1. Double-check that the VMS TCP/IP service was enabled.
- 2. Double-check that the entry in the HL LOGICAL LINK File (#870) for the listener has these fields completed:
 - a. TCP/IP PORT (OPTIMIZED) field (#400.08)
 - b. TCP/IP ADDRESS field (#400.01)
- 3. Double-check that the HLO SYSTEM PARAMETERS File (#779.1) IEN=1 (there should be exactly one entry) for the HLO STANDARD LISTENER field (#.1) points to the correct listener entry in the HL LOGICAL LINK File (#870). (see 2. above).
- 4. Double-check the HLO PROCESS REGISTRY File (#779.3) record for the site's listener process. Most sites will be using the VMS TCP Listener process. The record should include the following:
 - a. Field ACTIVE (#.02) is set to YES
 - b. Field DEDICATED LINK (#.14) points to the correct listener entry in the HL LOGICAL LINK File (#870). (see 2 above).

Problem #3:

The HLO Message Monitor shows "SE" System Errors for a newly installed application.

Solution:

Check the HL Logical Link record for the application and verify the following:

- 1. The DNS DOMAIN field (#.08) is set to the correct domain.
- 2. The TCP/IP ADDRESS field (#400.01) is set to the correct address.
- 3. The TCP/IP PORT (OPTIMIZED) field (#400.08) is set to the correct port number (production is 5001 and test is 5026).

Problem #4:

A DOWN LINK is found when checking the HLO System Monitor.

Solution:

Check the following:

- 1. The link entry parameters in the HL LOGICAL LINK File (#870) are correct.
- 2. The listener process at the receiving facility is running.
- 3. Network connections between the sending and receiving facility are operating normally.

For any questions or problems related to installation issues or other errors not described in this document, please contact EVS and request technical support.